

Updated: Oct 2015  
Checked: Nov 2017

**5,868**

Indian residents  
in Sheffield

**1.1%**

Proportion of  
population who are  
Indian

**1,900**

Indian households  
in Sheffield

**3.1**

Average Indian  
household size

Source: Census 2011

## TIMELINE



Indian settlement in Britain dates from the 17th century, when trade links were established between India and the UK.

1600s



British India is partitioned into two independent countries, India and Pakistan, in 1947.

1900s



More recently, the Indian community has become well established and dispersed across the city.

2000s



Britain's colonisation of India created further links, with boatmen from India seeking jobs on merchant fleets.



The biggest wave of immigration began after the Second World War, and India's independence with more travelling to the UK to work, particularly in the 1960's.

Source: Runnymede 2012

## SOUTH ASIA

14,839 Sheffield residents were born in Southern Asian countries, India representing the second largest nationality, after Pakistan (8,703). A further 1,403 people were born in Bangladesh, with a further 386 born in Sri Lanka, and the remaining 357 residents were born in 'other' South Asian countries as categorised in the 2011 Census.

Source: Census 2011

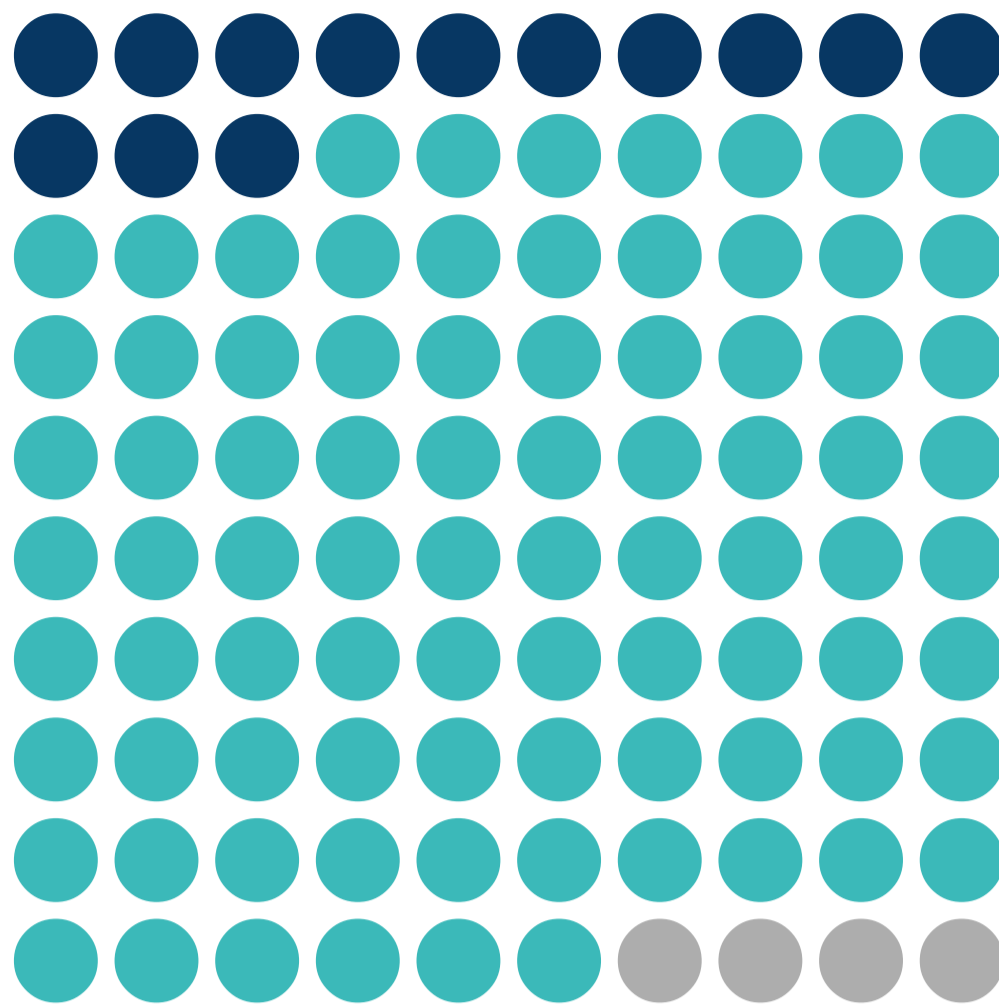
This profile is part of a series of profiles about different communities in Sheffield:  
[www.sheffield.gov.uk](http://www.sheffield.gov.uk)

Produced by Performance and Research Team, Sheffield City Council

# DEMOGRAPHICS

5,868

Indian residents living in Sheffield



13%  
18% all persons

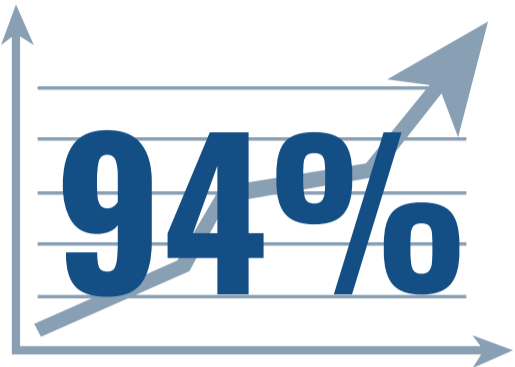
Under 16s

1.1%

Proportion of all residents who are Indian

83%  
66% all persons

Working age



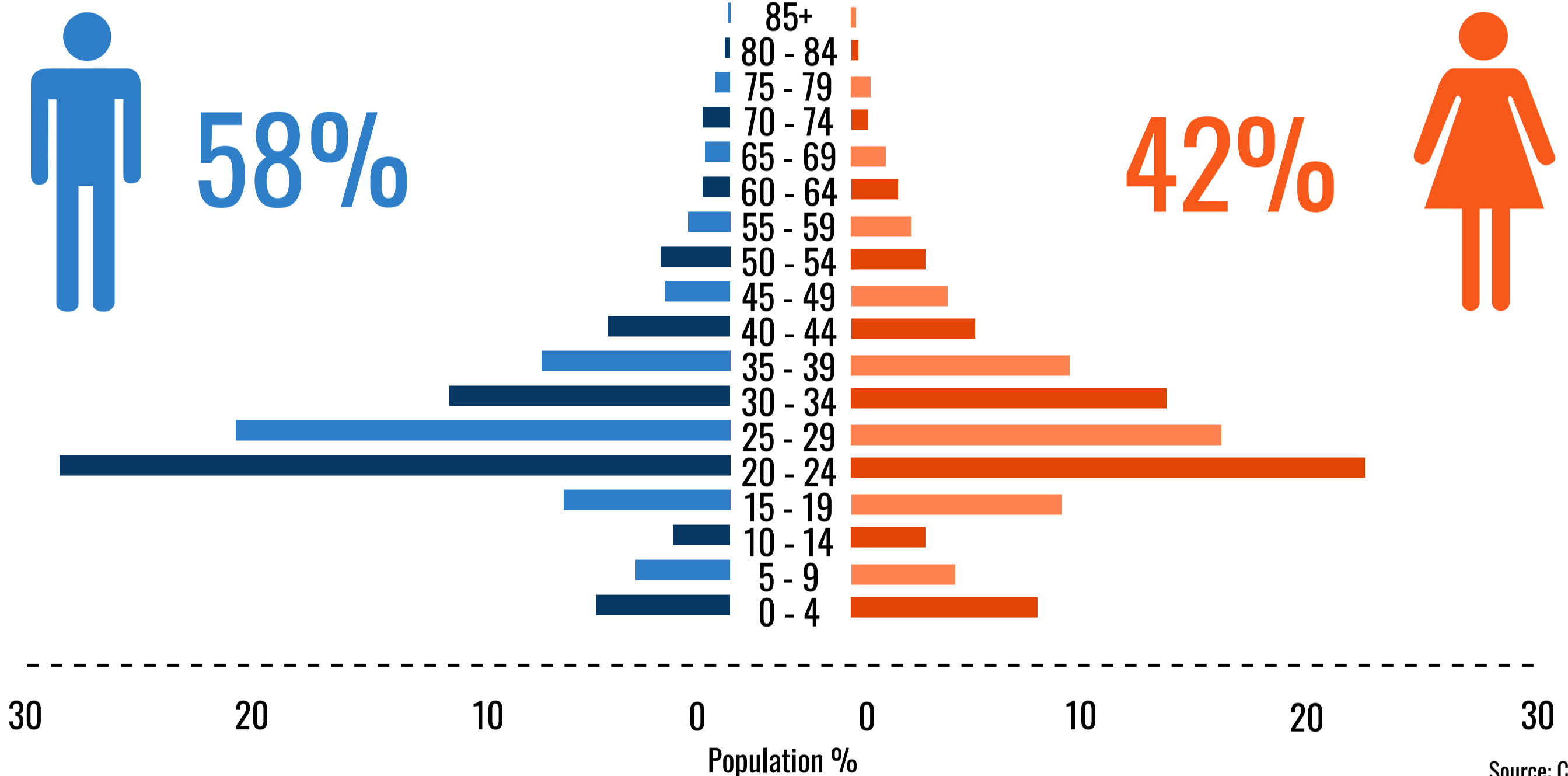
Growth since 2001, proportional growth by 1 percentage point

4%  
16% all persons

65 and over

Source: Census 2011

## POPULATION PYRAMID



Source: Census 2011

Nationally, Sheffield's Indian community ranks as the 56th largest, on a par with Harringey and Windsor and Maidenhead. Sheffield has the 6th largest Core City Indian population.

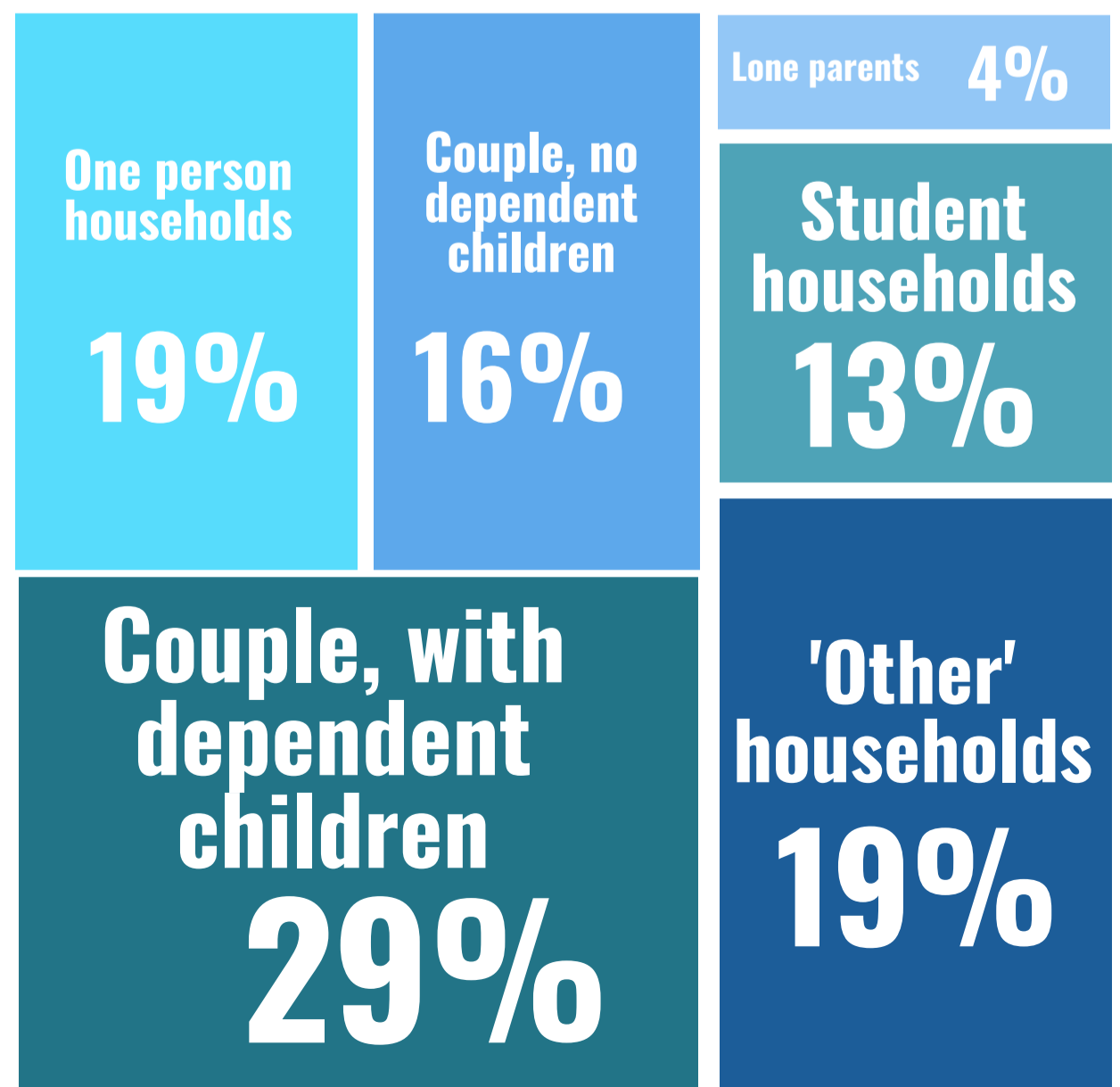
## HOUSEHOLDS

1,900

0.8% of Sheffield's households are Indian

2.3

The average household size is higher than the citywide average of 2.4



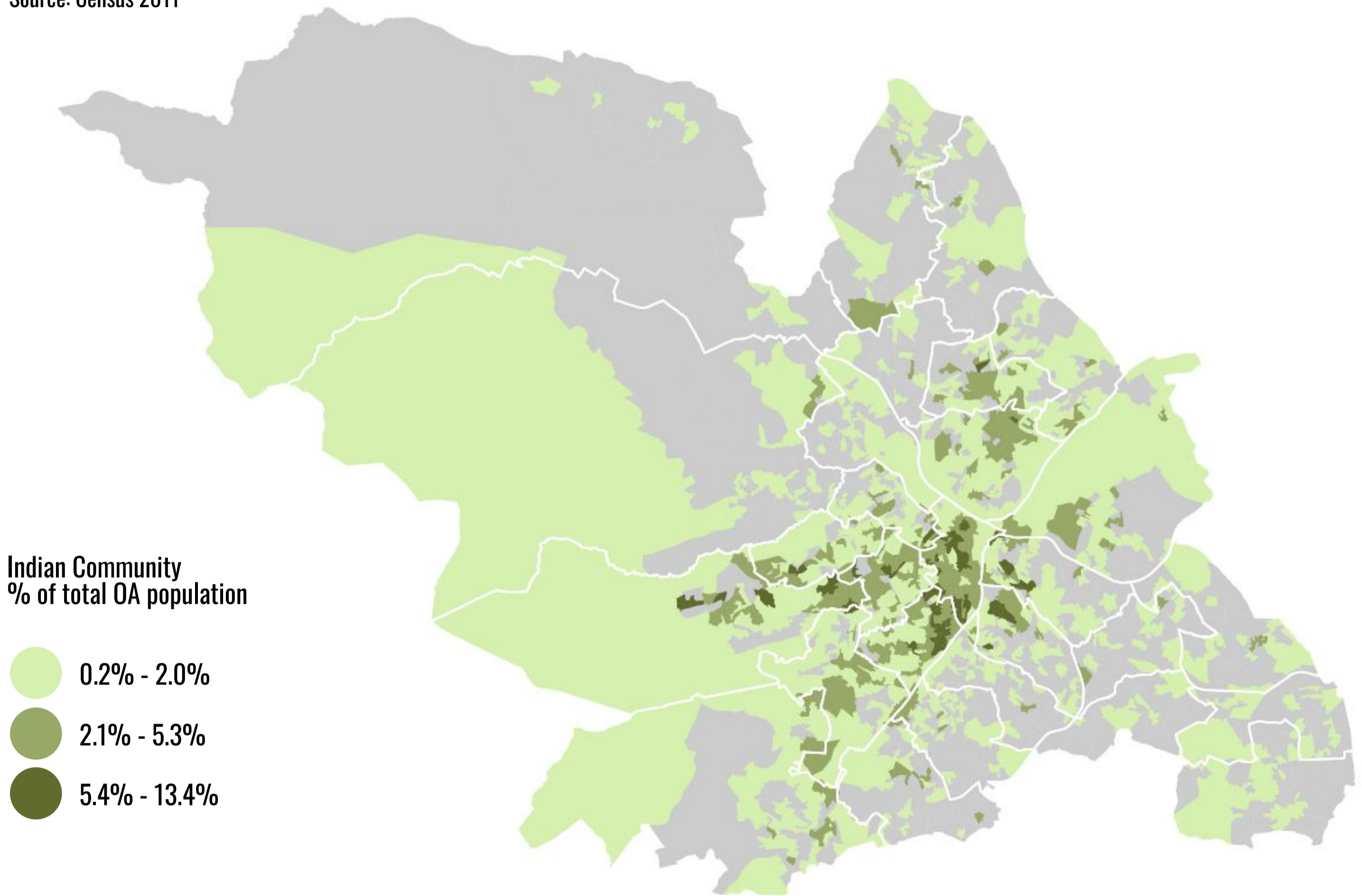
Source: Census 2011



# WHERE DOES THE COMMUNITY LIVE?

## Indian Population in Sheffield

Source: Census 2011



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# 15%

## Poverty and Deprivation

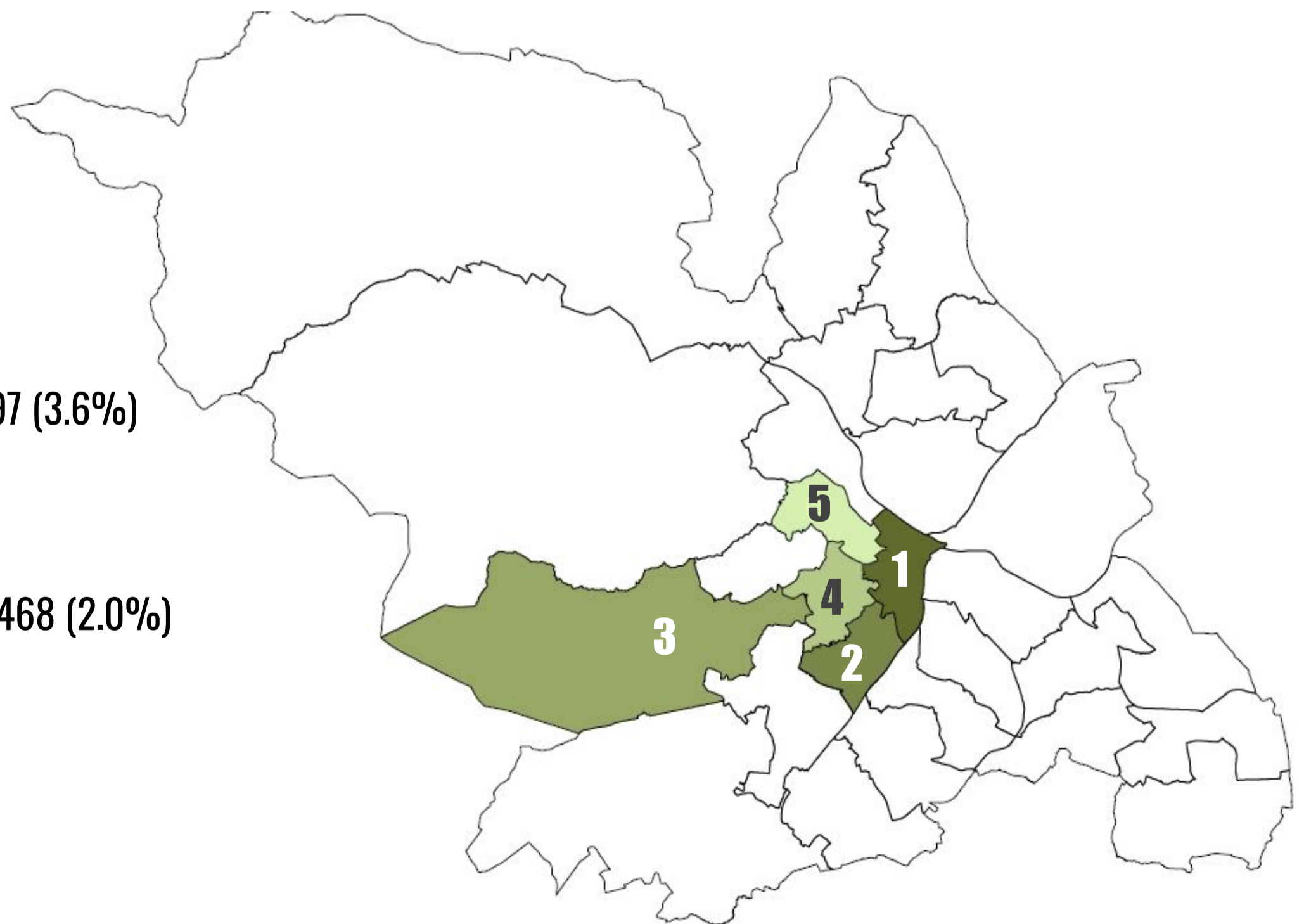
More than one in ten Indian people in Sheffield live in areas that are amongst the 10% most deprived in the country. This is above the citywide average of 23%.

DCLG 2015

### Top 5 Indian ward populations\*:

- 1 City: 887 (4.5%)
- 2 Nether Edge and Sharrow: 797 (3.6%)
- 3 Fulwood: 447 (2.4%)
- 4 Broomhill and Sharrowvale: 468 (2.0%)
- 5 Walkley: 438 (1.8%)

\* percentage represents community population as a proportion of the total ward population



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# LANGUAGE AND NATIONALITY

## LANGUAGE

There are 22 official languages of India. The Census identifies that there are around 4,222 Urdu speakers, 2,743 Punjabi speakers and 1,515 Bengali speakers. A further 1,820 people speak other official languages. However, the census does not identify if these residents are part of the Indian community or not.

Source: Census 2011

Urdu (3rd), Punjabi (7th) and Bengali (8th) were in the top most requested languages from Sheffield Council's Translation and Interpretation service in 2012/13.

Source: SCC Customer Services 2015

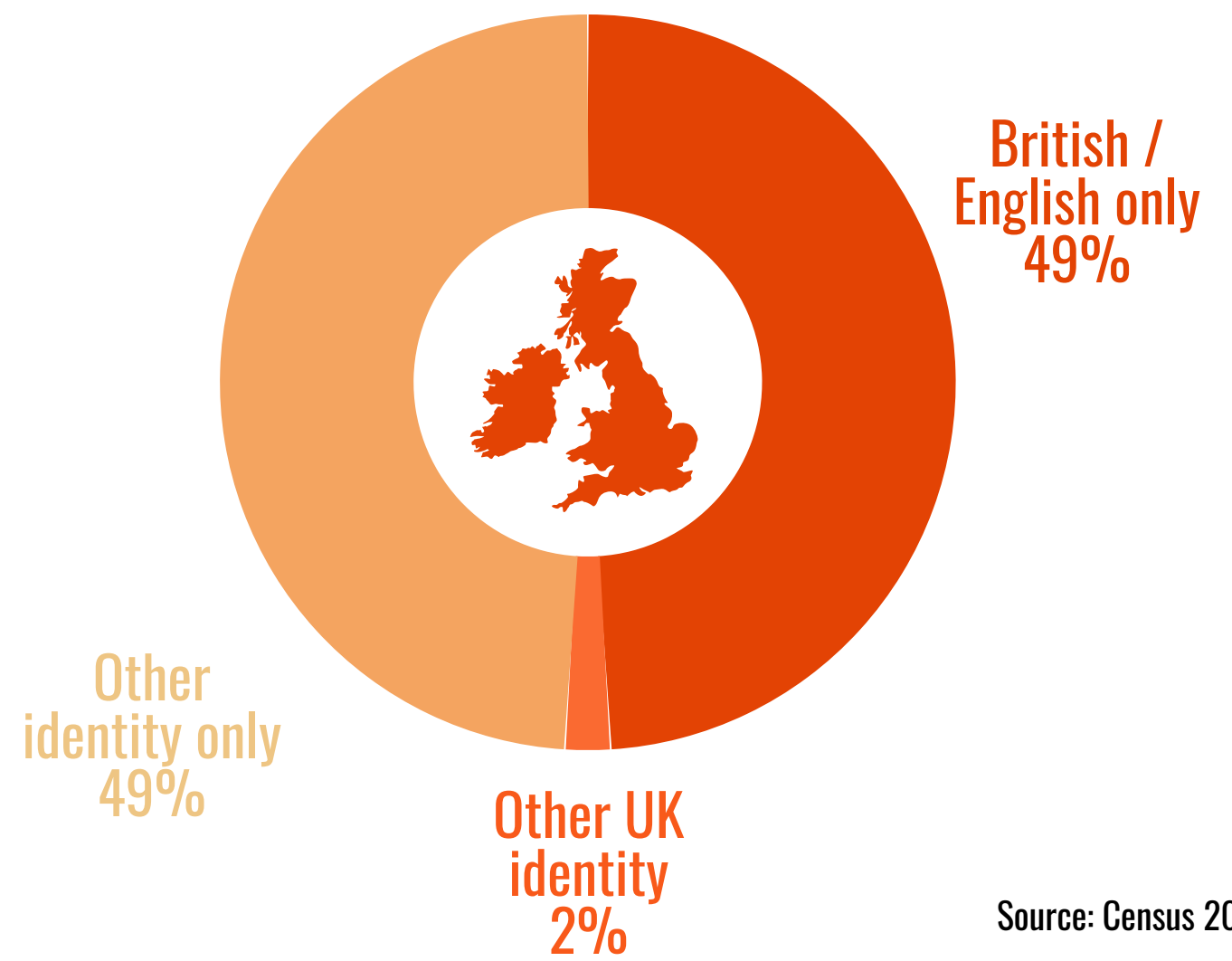
Punjabi is the is also the main language of 2,123 pupils in Sheffield schools, the the 2nd most common main language, other than English, Urdu is the second 3rd most common language, with 2,099 speakers. There are also a further 844 Bengali speaking pupils, the 6th most common language other than English, amongst Sheffield's pupils.

SCC Children's Services 2015

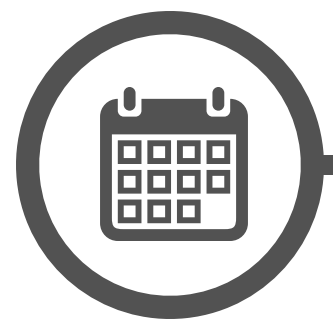
## NATIONAL IDENTITY

**49%** Nearly half of Sheffield's Indian community identify themselves as British or English only

**61%** Nearly two thirds of the Indian community in Sheffield were born in the UK



Source: Census 2011

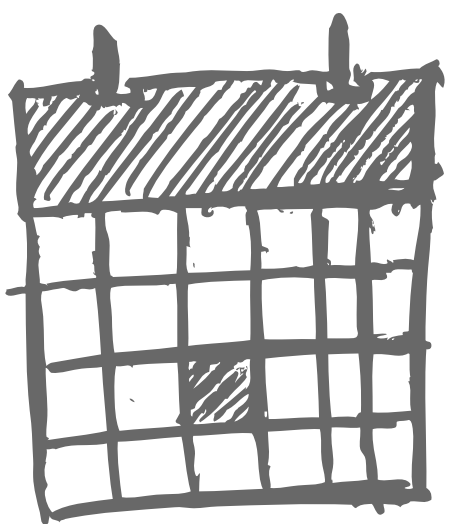


# CULTURE AND RELIGION

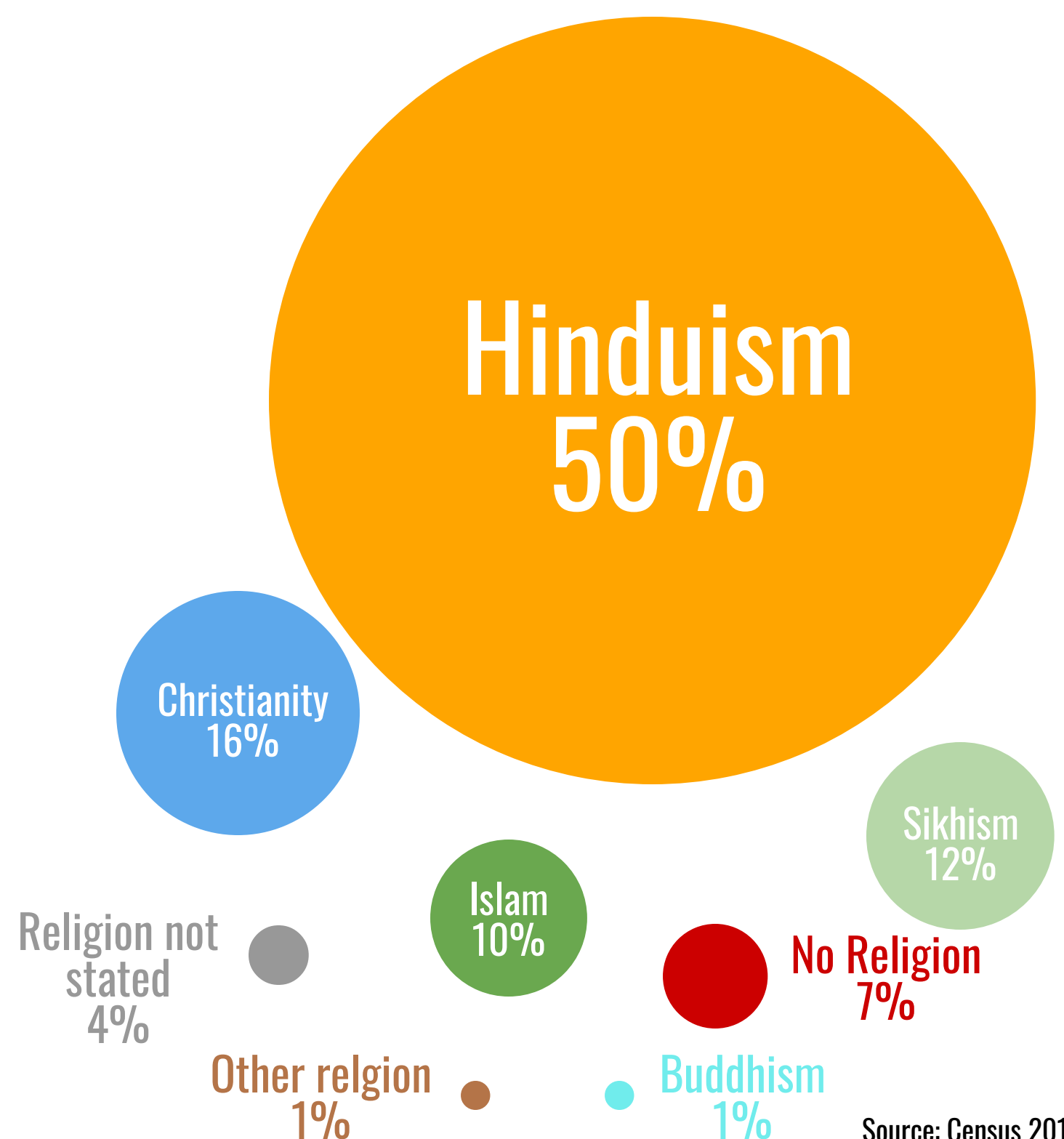
## CALENDAR

A list of equality awareness events are available on the Sheffield City Council website:

<https://www.sheffield.gov.uk/content/sheffield/home/your-city-council/equality-events.html>



## RELIGION



Source: Census 2011





# LABOUR MARKET

**ECONOMIC ACTIVITY** 1.3% of economically active people in Sheffield, 3,408 in total, are Indian

## Males

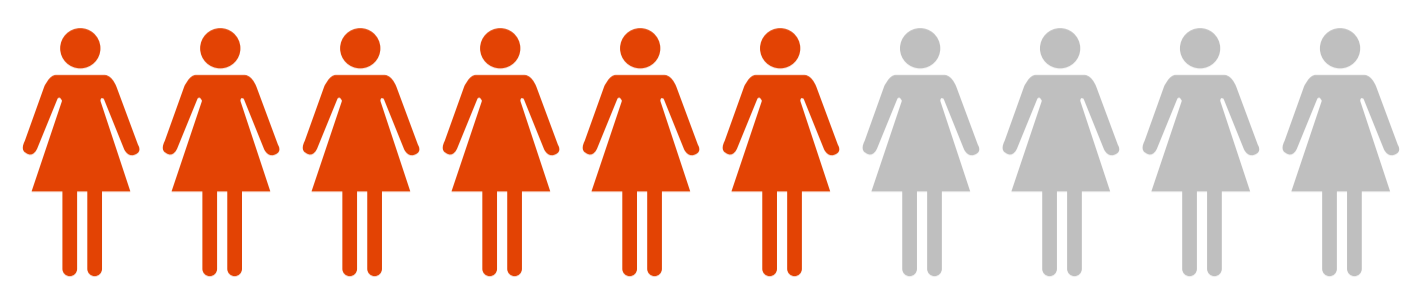


**71%** Economically Active  
65% citywide  
**Economically Inactive 29%**  
35% citywide

### Economically Inactive (29%)

- 3% Retired
- 24% Full-time students
- 0% Looking after the home or family
- 0% Long-term sick or disabled
- 1% Other

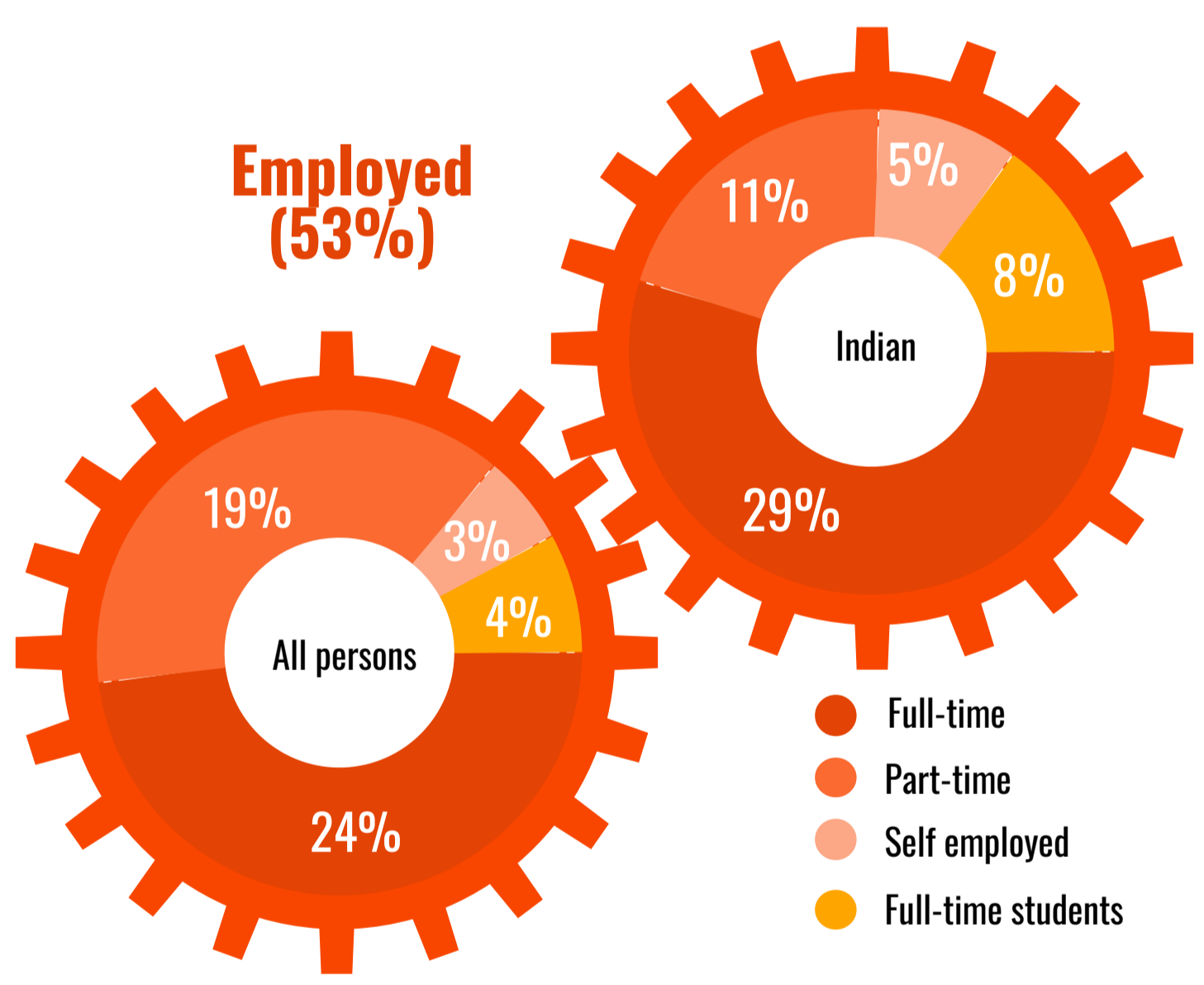
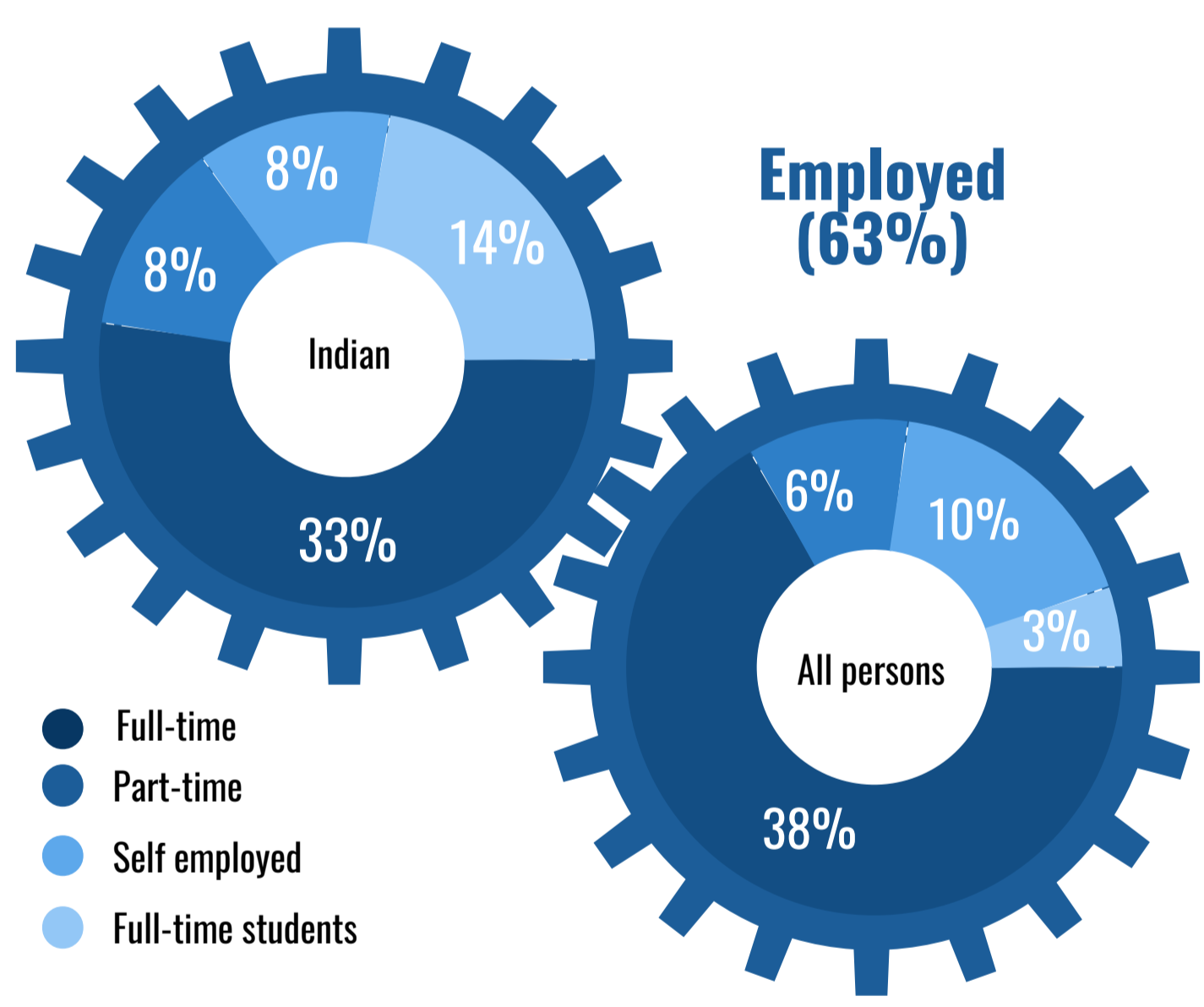
## Females



**61%** Economically Active  
65% citywide  
**Economically Inactive 39%**  
35% citywide

### Economically Inactive (39%)

- 4% Retired
- 24% Full-time students
- 7% Looking after the home or family
- 1% Long-term sick or disabled
- 2% Other



8% of Indian males are unemployed compared with 7% citywide

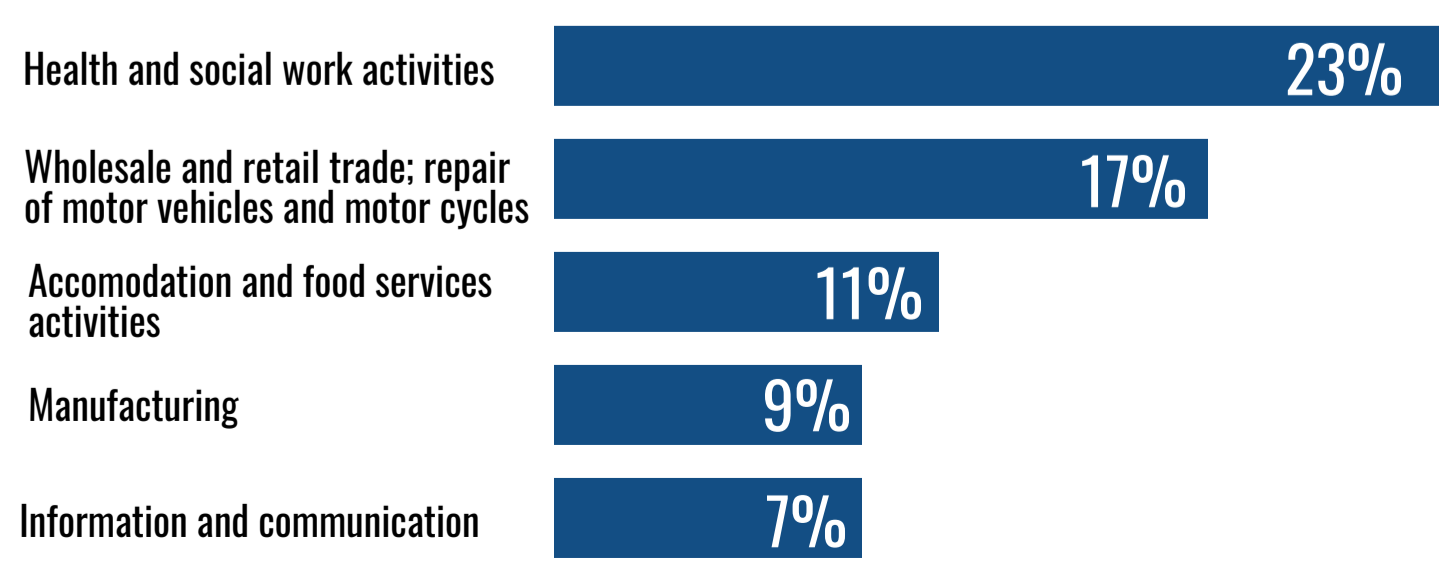
12% of 16-24 year old males are unemployed compared with 14% citywide

8% of Indian females are unemployed, compared with 4% citywide

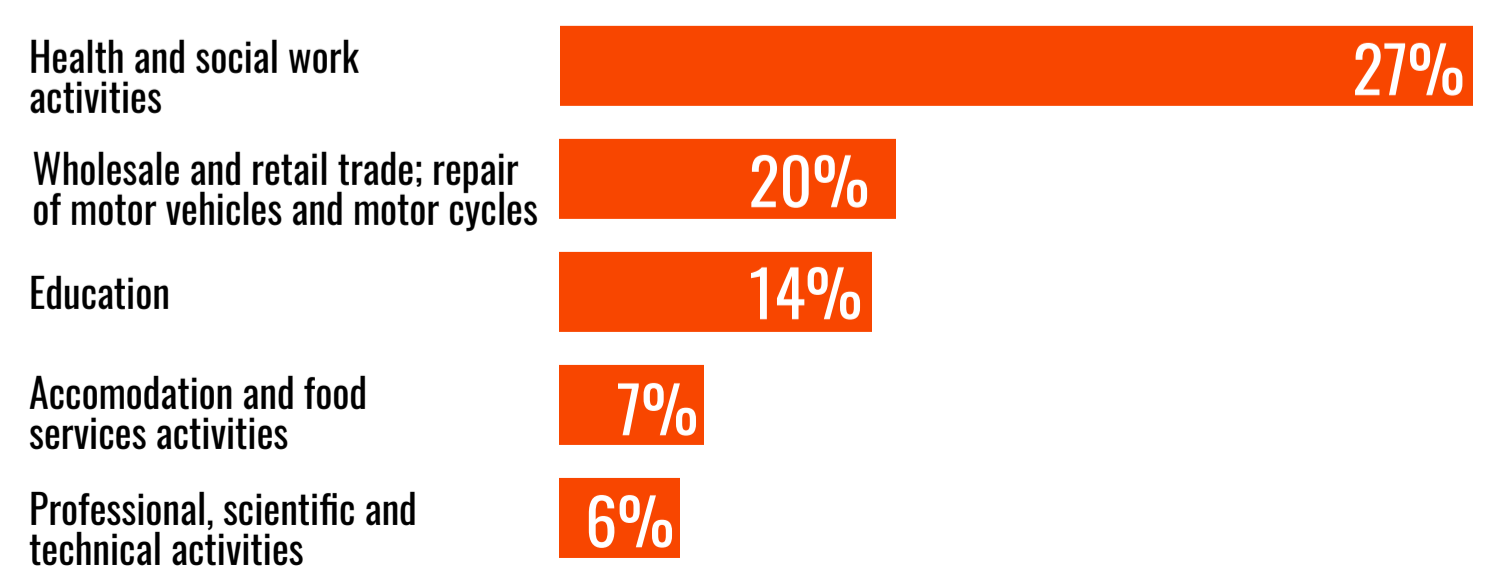
12% of 16-24 year old females are unemployed compared with 14% citywide

## INDUSTRY

### Top 5 Industries of Employment



### Top 5 Industries of Employment



0.5% of Sheffield City Council's workforce are Indian

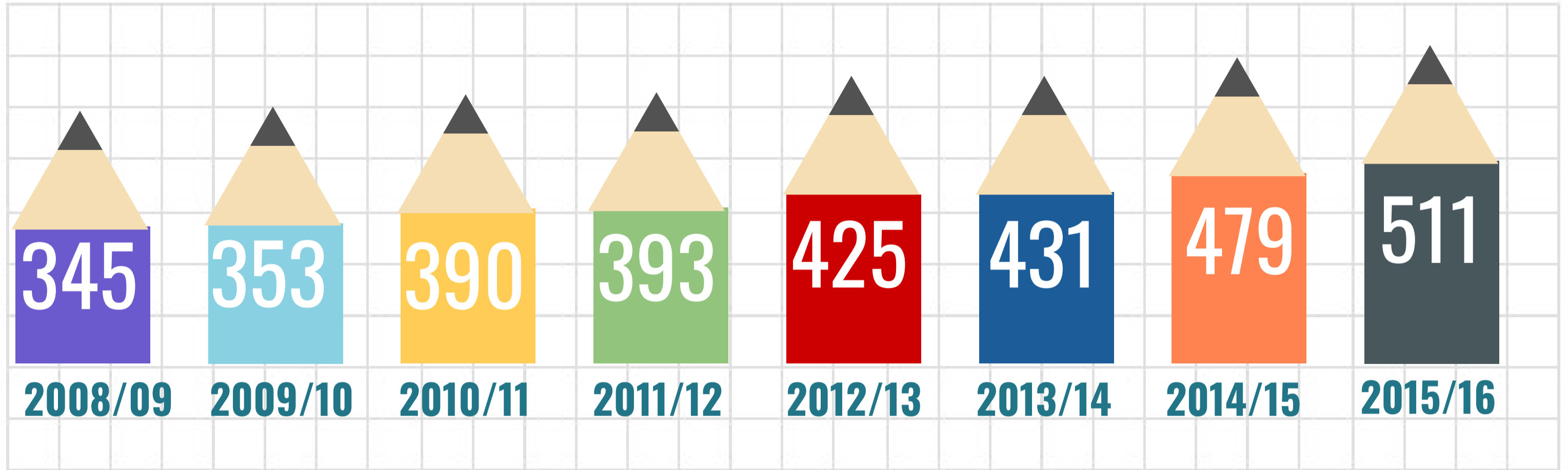
Source: Census 2011

Source: SCC 2015

# EDUCATION

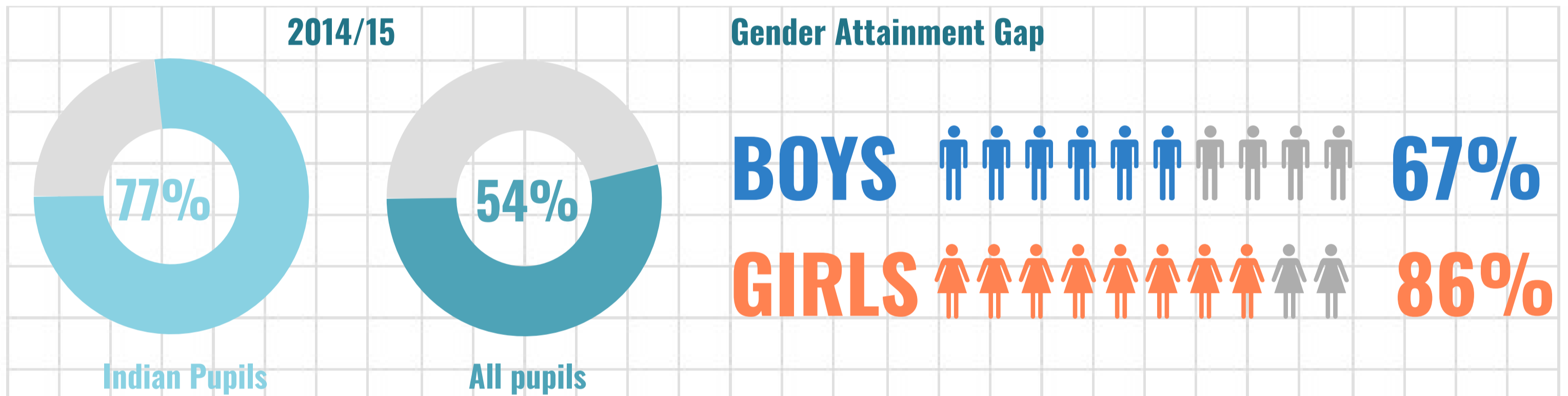
**511** The number of Indian pupils (years 0-14). This figure has increased by 48% in the last 8 years.

## NUMBER OF PUPILS

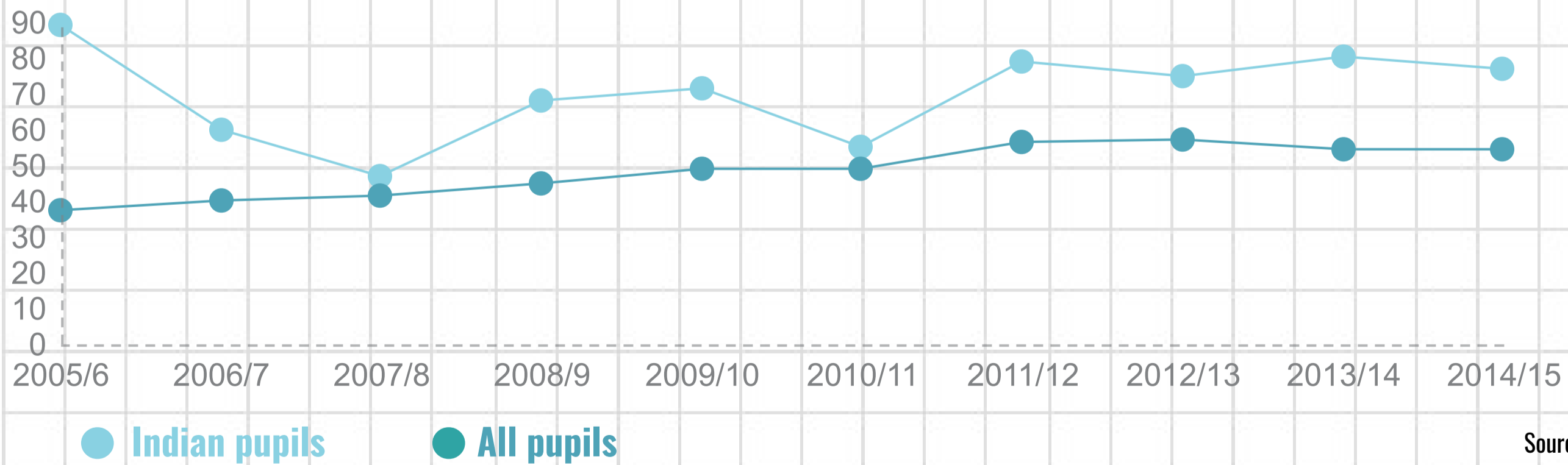


## GCSE ATTAINMENT

Proportion of pupils achieving 5 or more GCSEs at A\* - C including maths and English

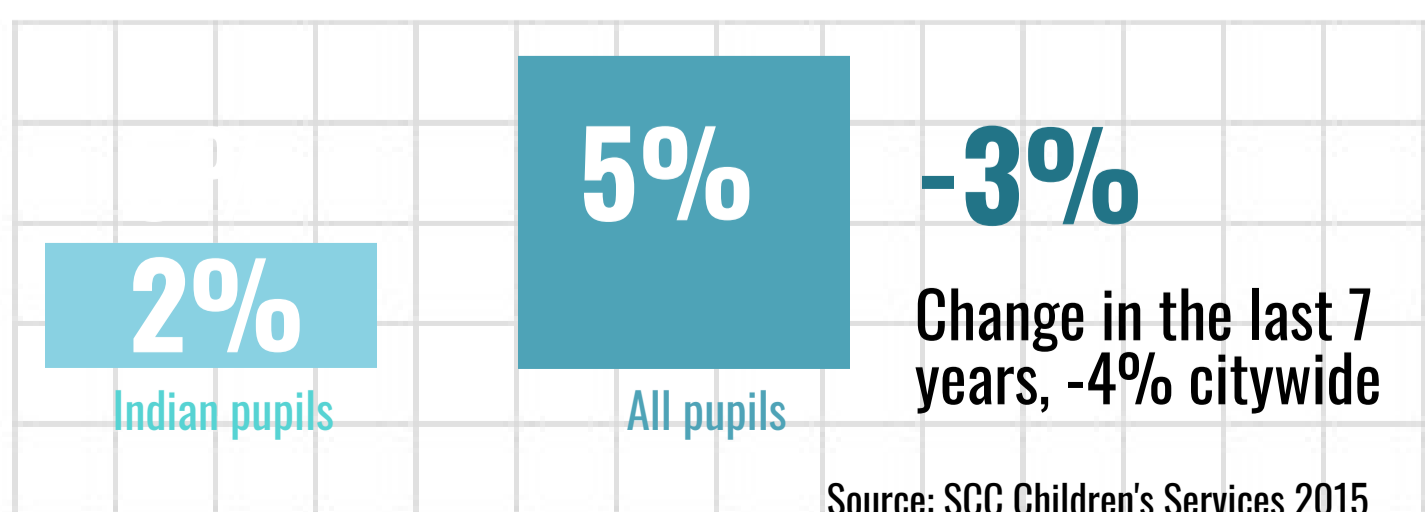


### GCSE Attainment 2003/04 - 2014/15



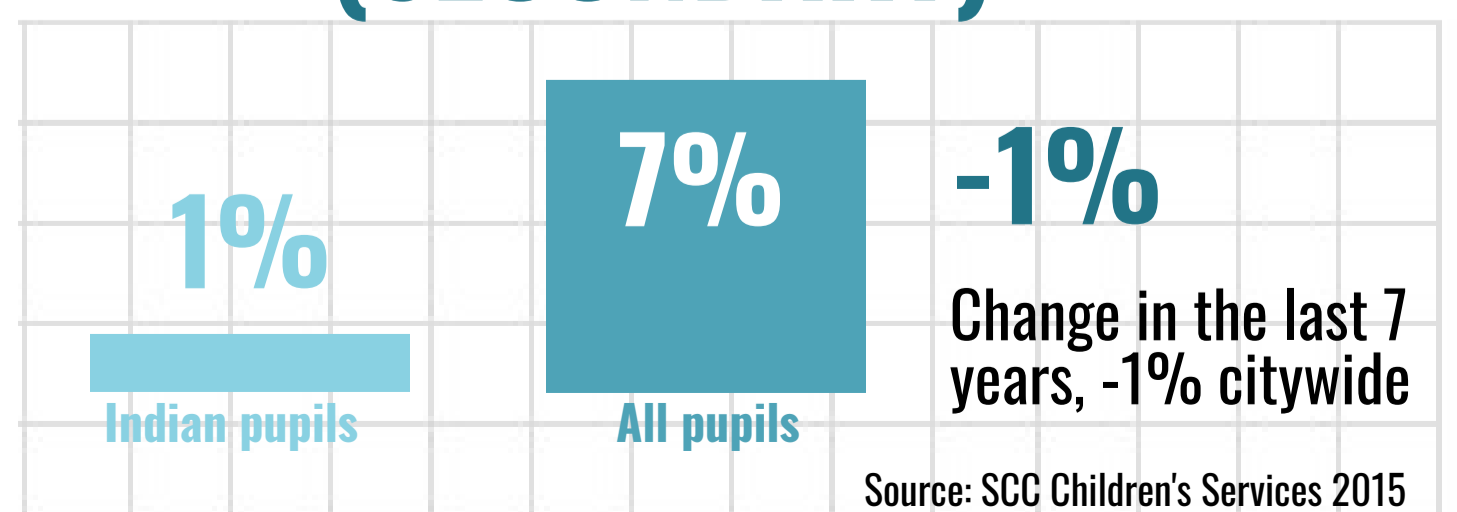
Source: SCC Children's Services 2015

## PERSISTENT ABSENCES



Source: SCC Children's Services 2015

## FIXED TERM EXCLUSIONS (SECONDARY)



Source: SCC Children's Services 2015

# POST-16 EDUCATION

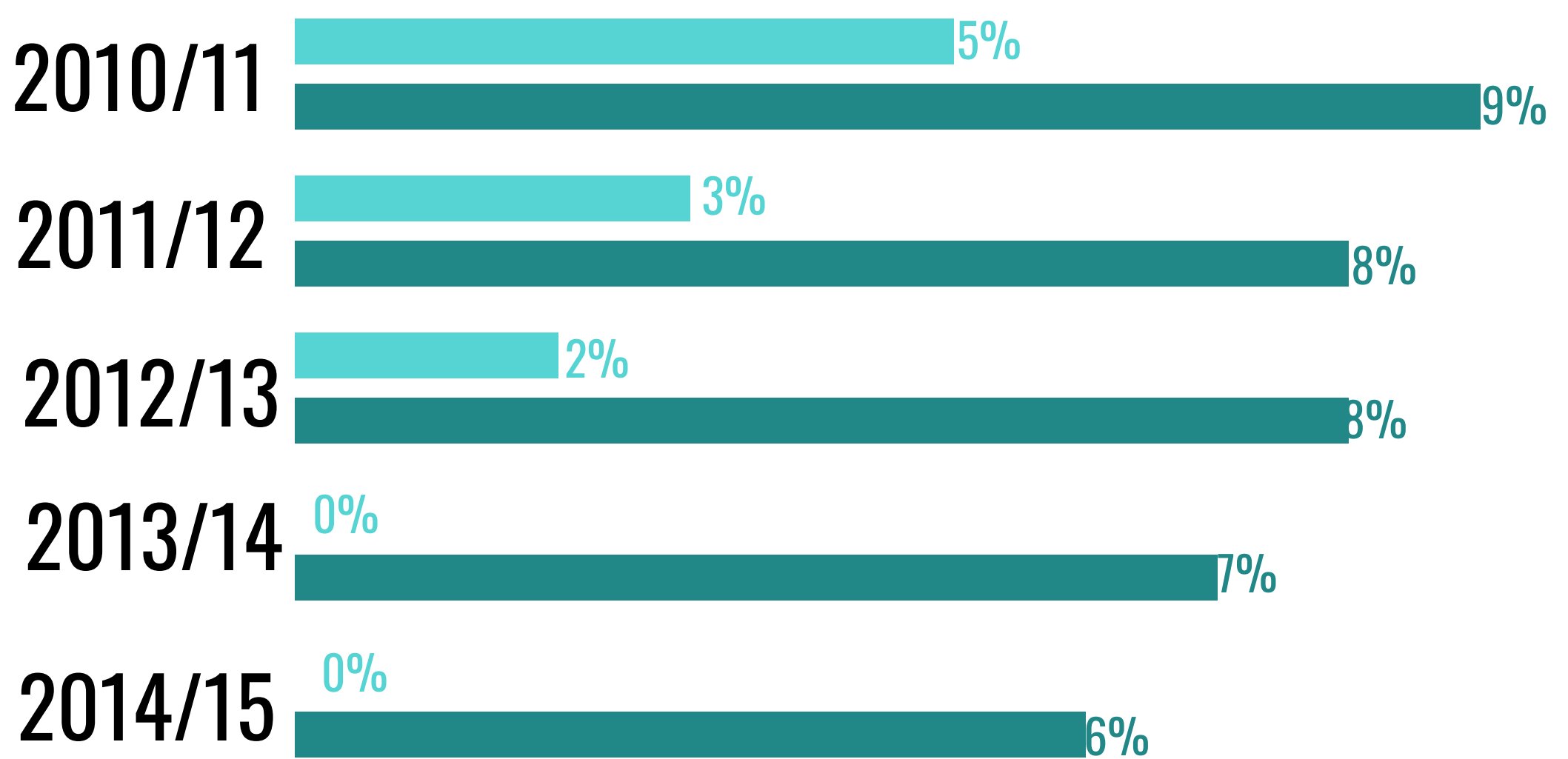
4%

The proportion of Indian adults with no formal qualifications, below the citywide average of 24%.

60%

Nearly two thirds of Indian adults are qualified at level 4 and above, (including Higher Education Certificates and professional diplomas) compared with a quarter in Sheffield as a whole

The proportion of Indian 16 to 18 year olds not in education, employment or training (NEET)



Source: 2011 Census

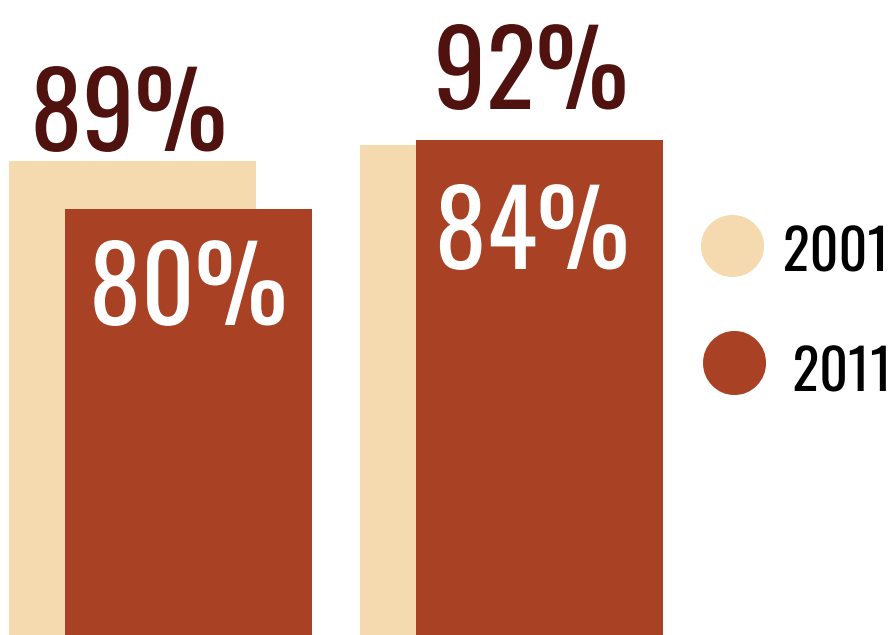
Indian pupils All pupils

Source: SCC Children's Services 2015

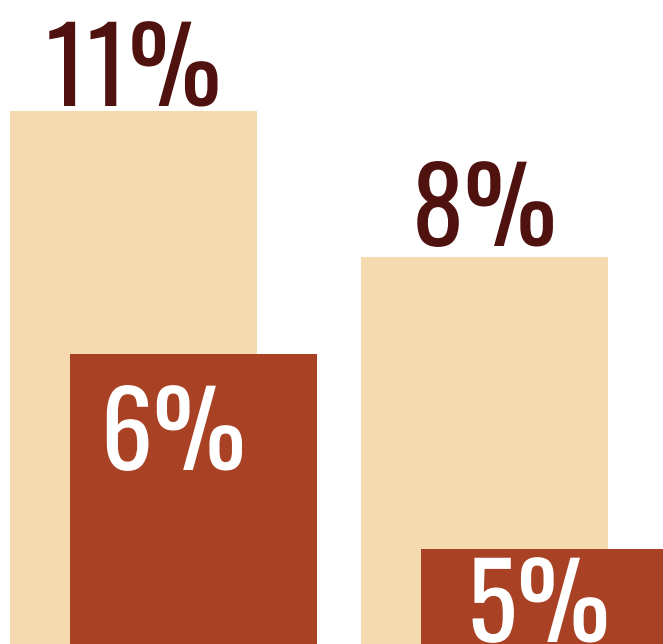
# HEALTH AND WELLBEING

## GENERAL HEALTH

Very good, good or fairly good health

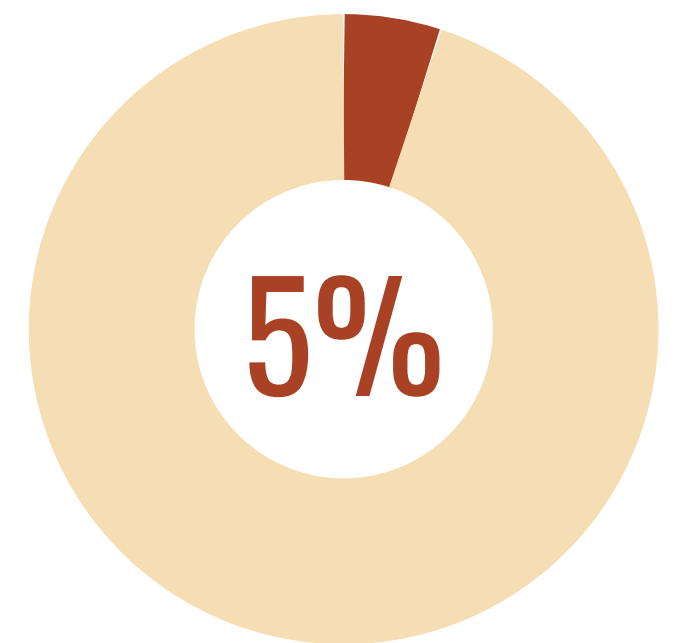


Bad or very bad health



Source: 2011 Census

## UNPAID CARERS



281 Indian people (5%) provide unpaid care, compared with 10% citywide

Source: 2011 Census

## HEALTH CONDITIONS



### ANGINA OR HEART ATTACK

Nationally, the prevalence of angina and heart attacks was highest amongst Indian men and women.



### ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE OR STROKE

Indian women aged 55+ have a higher risk of ischemic heart disease or stroke, with the prevalence increasing with age.



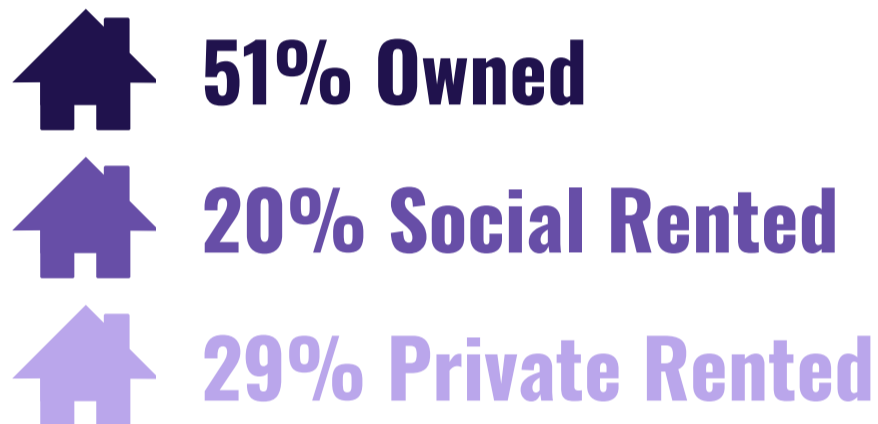
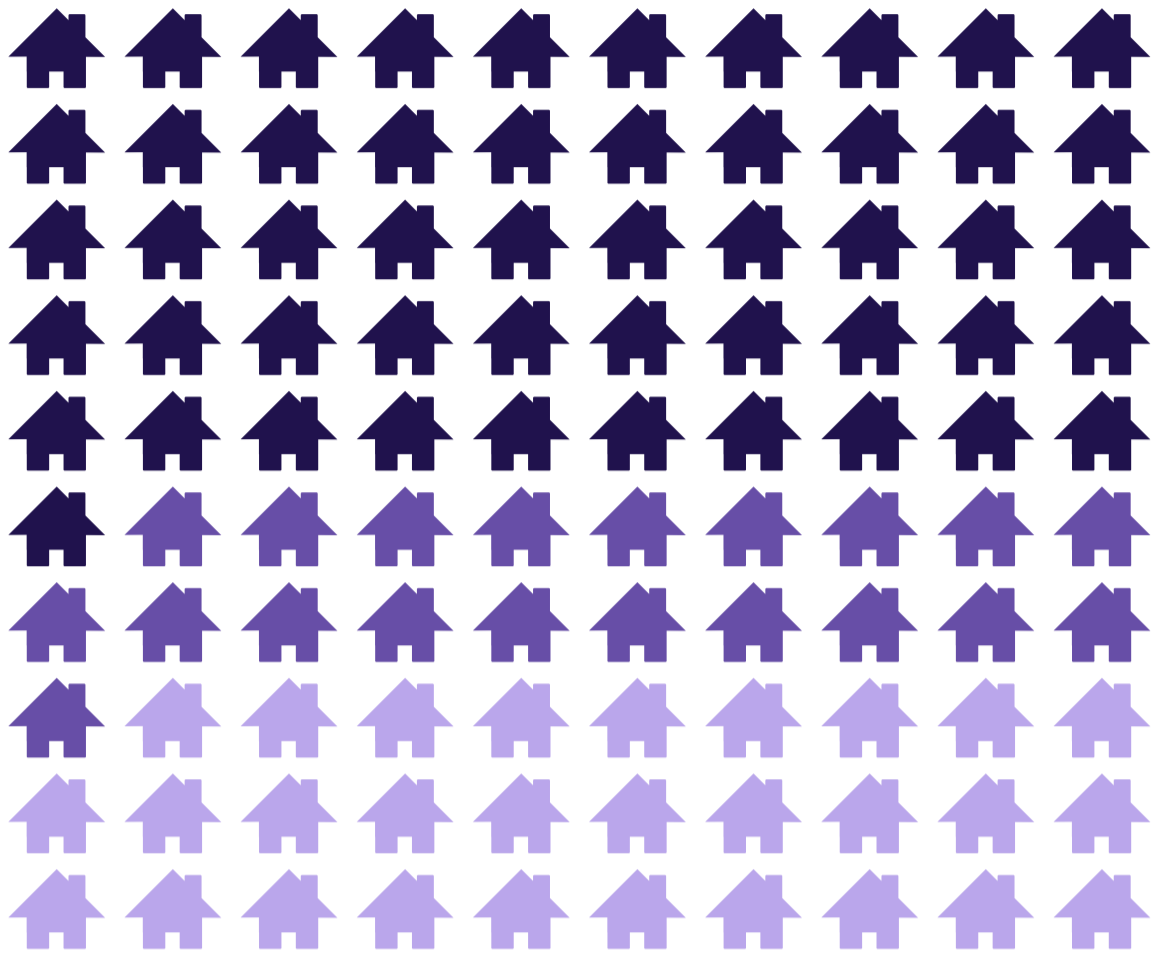
### DIABETES

The prevalence of type 1 and 2 diabetes is higher amongst Indian men and women

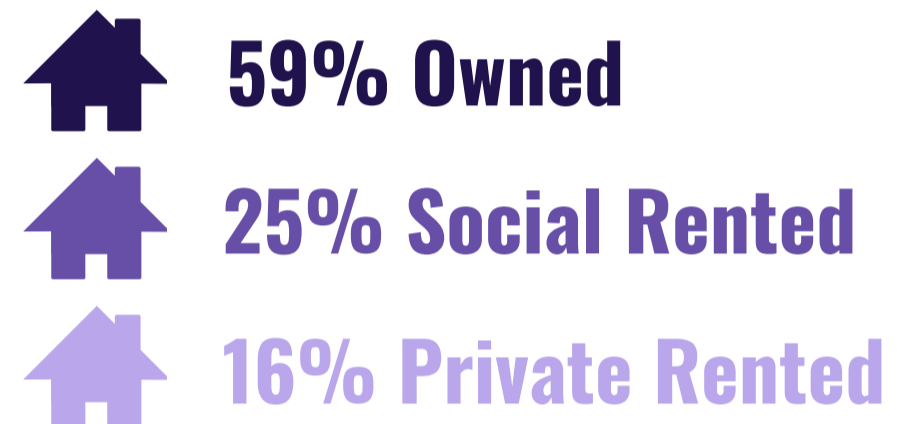
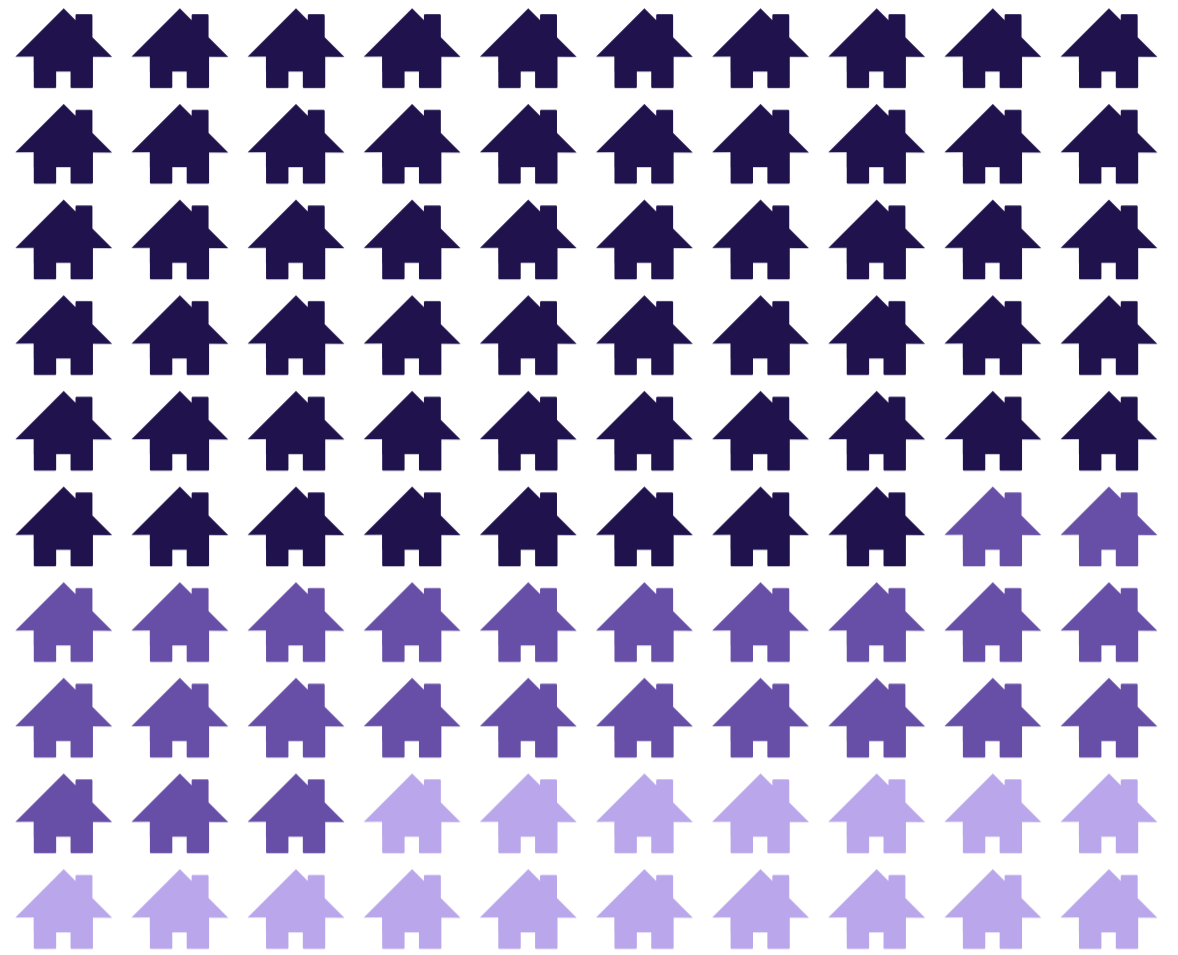
Source: NHS 2004

## TENURE

### Indian



### All persons



## OVERCROWDING

12% of Indian households have at least one fewer bedroom than they require, compared to the citywide averages of 5%. This is based on the Office of National Statistic [occupancy rating](#). Source: 2011 Census

## COMMUNITY ACTIVITY

A list of organisations, including contact details, is available from the [Sheffield Directory](#) website.

Sheffield Directory is managed by Sheffield City Council. Whilst every effort is made to ensure accuracy, Sheffield City Council cannot accept responsibility for any errors or omissions. Please note that the inclusion of any group in this report does not mean they have been vetted or recommended by Sheffield City Council.

## SOURCES

Census 2001 – 2011, Office of National Statistics  
 DCLG 2015, Indices of Deprivation  
 NHS 2004, Health Survey for England 2004: The Health of Minority Ethnic Groups  
 Runnymede 2012, Sheffield Migration Stories Runnymede, London