

CITY CENTRE LIVING

Supplementary Planning Guidance

Updated 2015
Originally Approved by Cabinet 28 April 2004



CITY CENTRE LIVING – UPDATE 2015

INTRODUCTION

The City Centre Living SPG (Supplementary Planning Guidance) was approved by Cabinet in 2004. It sets out a strategy to guide further development interest and public intervention. The aims include –

promoting investment in the City Centre directing developers to appropriate sites and buildings ensuring the widest mix of housing establishing standards and quality establishing a reasonable balance between vitality and living conditions encouraging supporting infrastructure

The City Centre Living SPG was not written as a free-standing document and has to be read alongside the <u>UDP</u> (Unitary Development Plan). It now also has to be read alongside the Sheffield Plan <u>Core Strategy</u> (2009). The Core Strategy has superseded several UDP policies and City Centre Living SPG guidelines.

This document consolidates guidance from the City Centre Living SPG which has not been made obsolete by more recent guidance, as well as including guidance from the Night-Time Use IPG (Interim Planning Guidance) which was adopted in 2005.

This document does not include either the original background text or the reasons for each guideline. This is still available from the original City Centre Living SPG and Night-Time Uses IPG at www.sheffield.gov.uk/spd. The City Centre Masterplan provides more recent background.

The City Centre Living SPG does not deal with issues of design quality. This is addressed via the <u>Sheffield Urban Design Compendium</u> (2004), which has guidance for massing and architectural treatment for developments in each of the Quarters.

LOCATION

Guideline 1 superseded by Core Strategy policies <u>CS27 Housing in the City Centre</u> and <u>CS17 City Centre Quarters</u>.

MIX OF USES AND TENURES

Guideline 2 superseded by Core Strategy policies <u>CS27 Housing in the City Centre</u> and <u>CS18 Shopping in the City Centre</u>.

Guideline 3 partially superseded by Core Strategy policies <u>CS4 Offices in the City Centre</u> and <u>CS17 City Centre Quarters</u>.

In other parts of the Central Area, (within the Business Areas and the Fringe Industry and Business Areas), such as the Cultural Industries Quarter, workspace of the B1 Use Class (i.e. environmentally compatible with residential neighbours) will normally be expected to form part of any development – (UDP Policy IB6)

Guideline 4 superseded by Core Strategy policies <u>CS27 Housing in the City</u> <u>Centre</u> and <u>CS41 Creating mixed Communities</u>.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Guideline 5 superseded by <u>CIL and Planning Obligations SPD</u> and Core Strategy policy CS40 Affordable Housing.

MOBILITY HOUSING

Guideline 6 (reiterates saved <u>UDP policy</u> H7 Mobility Housing)

All new or refurbished accommodation should comply with the UDP Policy H7 which seeks to provide accommodation that is capable of adaptation to meet the needs of disabled people. Full details of the policy and the required design standards are contained in 'Mobility Housing Supplementary Planning Guidance'.

DENSITIES AND ESTIMATED POPULATION GROWTH

Guideline 7 superseded by Core Strategy policy <u>CS26 Efficient Use of Housing Land and Accessibility</u>.

LIVING CONDITIONS FOR RESIDENTS

Guideline 8 (not superseded)

A scheme of works to address the problems of noise will normally be expected to form part of planning submissions that involve residential or potential noisy uses, such as night-time leisure development.

Planning consent will be refused for developments that are unable, through design, technical measures or separation, to prevent noise and disturbance from affecting residents.

Guideline 9 (not superseded)

Noise insulation schemes for residential development will normally be expected to incorporate an acoustically treated means of ventilation (as an alternative to opening windows), allowing sound and fume insulation to work at maximum efficiency. Low energy ventilation systems will be encouraged.

Guideline 10 superseded by guidelines 1 and 2 in the Night-Time Uses IPG:
Night-Time Uses Guideline 1: Controlled Areas

Within the areas shown on Plan 1 of the Guidelines, conditions will be applied to planning approvals which allow the times of opening of drinking establishments (A4) and nightclubs (no class) to no later than 12.30am. This will also apply to hot food takeaways (A5).

Food establishments - cafes/restaurants (A3) will not be time limited unless through applying Guideline 2, they would be considered to have an adverse impact on nearby residents, workers or users of the area.

Night-Time Uses Guideline 2: City Centre and Neighbours

Leisure, and Food and Drink uses will be allowed if:

- (a) conditions for nearby residents and people working in the area will not be harmed by noise breakout, traffic, parking on nearby streets, odours, street noise, or general disturbance; and
- (b) they are unlikely to lead to anti-social behaviour that would disturb residents, workers or users of the area; and
- (c) neither the parking of cars nor the provision of signs, tables, chairs outside the premises would impair the safety or ease of movement of pedestrians and road users.

In considering the criteria the Council will take into account the cumulative harmful effect of existing leisure and entertainment uses.

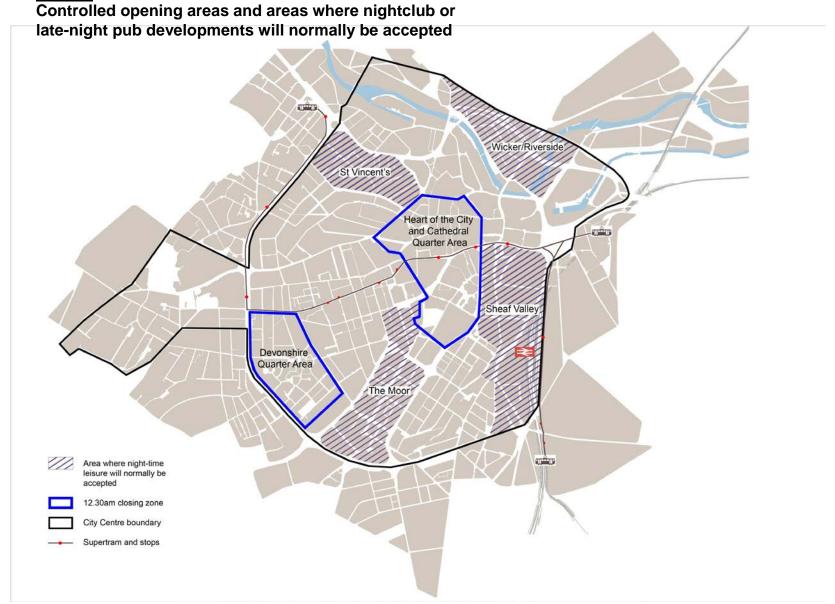
The Council may attach conditions to permissions to ensure that these criteria are met.

Guideline 11 still applies, and complements guideline 2 (see above) in the Night-Time Uses IPG.

Nightclub or late-night pub developments will normally be accepted in those parts of Heart of the City (around Barkers Pool and the New Retail Quarter), St Vincent's (north of Scotland Street), Hallam Central, Castlegate (north of river and Wicker), The Moor and the CIQ (west of Leadmill Road/Paternoster Row), provided that they would have no serious effects on the amenity of existing residents (see Plan1 for a guide to these areas)

Note: Night-Time Uses IPG Guideline 1 removes the small area bounded by Pinstone Street, Cross Burgess Street and the rear of properties on Burgess Street from an "area where night-time leisure will be normally accepted" identified in City Centre Living SPG Guideline 11. This small area is included in the "12.30am closing zone" shown on Plan 1.

PLAN 1



OPEN SPACE

Guideline 12 and Appendix 2 of this document have been superseded by paragraphs 5.42 and 5.51 and Guidelines GOS1 and GOS2 of the Community Infrastructure Levy and Planning Obligations Supplementary Planning Document (December 2015).

Guideline 12

New city centre housing developments for developments of five or more dwellings, or more than twenty five bedspaces of student accommodation will be expected to provide:

- a) courtyards, or green spaces or roof gardens, screened from street noise, where possible; and
- b) high quality multi-purpose open space which the residents and the public can use.

In order to provide open space available to the public, developers will be expected to:

- i) make a financial contribution to the City Council towards provision or enhancement of open space in line with the City Centre Breathing Spaces Strategy; or
- ii) provide appropriate publicly accessible open space as part of their development which would complement the city centre open space strategy as set out at Appendix C of the City Centre Breathing Spaces Strategy.

The level of contributions towards open space provision from a developer will depend upon the number of bedrooms or student bedspaces within each dwelling, and will be calculated using the average number of residents expected in such developments.

Appendix 2 of the CCLS will be used to calculate the scale of any financial contribution in the City Centre. This appendix will be updated to take account of inflation.

Any financial contributions paid by a developer towards the provision or enhancement of open space will be the subject of a legal agreement specifying the amount of any contribution, when it should be paid and that it will be spent in accordance with the principles set out in the Council's supplementary planning guidance "Open Space provision in new Housing Development". This addendum to the SPG requires that this contribution be spent to complement the City Centre Breathing Spaces Strategy.

Model heads of terms for unilateral obligations

Unilateral obligations will include the following heads of terms relating to open space off-site financial contributions, where this is appropriate:

The Owners shall pay to the Council [on or before the commencement of any development within the meaning of Clause 2.2] the sum of £ to be used by the Council towards the provision of recreation space in the locality of the site. This shall be provided in accordance with the principles set out in the

Council's Open Space Provision in New Housing Development SPG, the City Centre Living SPG and the City Centre Breathing Spaces Strategy.

MANAGEMENT, SECURITY AND PERMEABILITY

Guideline 13 (not superseded)

'Live frontages', incorporating retail, service uses etc. and regular pedestrian entries on streets will be expected in new residential developments. Wherever possible courtyards should be permeable at least during the day. In addition, developers will be expected to contribute to measures such as the upgrading of street lighting and links with the existing CCTV coverage.

PARKING AND CAR USE

Guideline 14 (not superseded)

Residential developments that do not have car parking facilities as part of the scheme will be acceptable in the City Centre. The development will, however, be expected to provide parking for disabled residents/visitors and cycle parking. Proposals for car pool arrangements will be supported although dedicated parking spaces for this may be required within the development.

However, it is recognised that it is unrealistic to expect all members of a genuinely mixed community to give up car use altogether. Therefore:

Guideline 15 (not superseded)

If there is sufficient space within the development, off-street parking at a rate of up to one space per unit will be permitted in schemes where it is demonstrated that it is necessary for viability and it would not overload the highway network or add to congestion.

For further information on City Centre planning policy, contact: Matthew Gregg, Forward and Area Planning

Tel: 0114 2735305

Email: matthew.gregg@sheffield.gov.uk

Sheffield City Council Howden House 1Union Street Sheffield S1 2SH

Appendix 1

Relevant Unitary Development Plan Policies

Strategic Policies

*SP3 A City Centre for People

Built Environment

*BE1 Townscape D	lesign
BE3 Views and Vi	stas in the City Centre
BE4 Environmenta	al Improvements
BE5 Building Desi	gn and Siting
BE6 Landscape D	esign
9	Idings used by the Public
BE8 Access to Wo	orkplaces
BE9 Design for Ve	
•	eets, Pedestrian Routes, Cycleways & Public Spaces
BE 11 Public Space	S
BE12 Public Art	
BE15 Areas and Bu	ildings of Special Architectural or Historic Interest
BE16 Development	in Conservation Areas
BE17 Design and M	laterials in Areas of Special Architectural or Historic Interest
•	in Areas of Special Character
•	Affecting Listed Buildings
BE20 Other Historic	Buildings
BE22 Archaeologic	al Sites and Monuments

Green Environment

GE10	Green	Network
------	-------	---------

GE22 Pollution

GE23 Air Pollution

GE24 Noise Pollution

GE25 Contaminated Land

*GE27 Alternative Energy Sources

*GE29 Energy Conservation

Industry and Business

*IB1	Employment and Economic Development
IB5	Development in General Industry Areas
IB6	Development in Fringe Industry and Business Areas
IB7	Development in Business Areas
IB8	Industrial and Business Sites
IB9	Conditions on Development in Industry and Business Areas
† IB10	Visitor Accommodation in Industry and Business Areas
IB11	Housing and Residential Institutions in Industry and Business Areas
IB12	Training Centres & Community Facilities in Industry & Business Areas
IB13	Open Space and Leisure Uses in Industry and Business Areas

Housing

*H1 Land Needed for New Housing

*H2 Locations for Housing Development

^{*} Superseded by SDF Core Strategy March 2009

[†] Not saved by Secretary of State September 2007

^{*} Superseded by SDF Core Strategy March 2009

* H3	Land for Housing
* H4	Housing for People on Low Incomes
H5	Flats, Bedsitters and Shared Housing
H6	Short-term Accommodation for Homeless People
H7	Mobility Housing
H8	Housing for People in Need of Care
H10	Development in Housing Areas
*H12	Housing Development in the City Centre
H14	Conditions on Development in Housing Areas
H15	Design of New Housing Development
H16	Open Space in New Housing Development
* H17	Environmental Improvements in Housing Areas
* H18	Traffic in Housing Areas
Commi	unity Facilities and Institutions
\sim \sim \sim	D 11 (O 1/ E 11/1

CF1	Provision of Community Facilities
CF2	Keeping Community Facilities

- CF3 Childcare Facilities in Buildings used by the Public
- Children's Nurseries CF4 [†]CF5 Community Benefits

Shopping

* S1	The City Centre and the Location of Major Shop Developments
S3	Development in the Central Shopping Area
S5	Shop Development Outside the Central Shopping Area and District Centres
S6	Conditions on Shop Developments
S11	Design of Retail Development

Mixed Use Areas

MU1	Mixed Use Areas
MU9	Kelham Mixed Use Area
MU10	Victoria Quays Mixed Use Area
MU11	Conditions on Development in Mixed Use Areas

Leisure and Recreation

*LR1	Tourism
LR2	New Leisure Uses and Facilities
*LR4	Open Space
LR5	Development in Open Space Areas
*LR7	Development of Recreation Space for Non-recreation Uses
*LR10	Improving Open Spaces
*LR11	New Open Spaces

Minerals Waste and Reclamation

Recycling and Reclamation MW6

Iransport		
* T1	Promoting Public Transport	
* T2	Promoting Bus Use	
* T7	Promoting Walking and Cycling	
T8	Pedestrian Routes	
* T9	High Amenity Zones	

Not saved by Secretary of State September 2007
 Superseded by SDF Core Strategy March 2009

* T13 * T14	Cycle Routes Traffic Calming Area-wide Traffic Calming Environmental Traffic Management Strategic Road Network Management of Traffic Demand Car Travel to the City Centre Car Parking Private Car Parking in New Developments Public Long-stay Car Parking Public Short-stay Car Parking Car Parking in Residential Areas
	evant SDF Core Strategy Policies
	ting Economic Prosperity and Providing Sustainable Employment <u>Locations for Office Development</u>
CS4	Offices in the City Centre
CS5	Locations for Manufacturing, Distribution/Warehousing and other Non-office
	Businesses
CS6	Manufacturing and the City Centre - Transition Areas
Region	ing the Sheffield City Region as the most Sustainable Location for nal Services, Jobs and Facilities
<u>CS14</u>	
	Locations for Large Leisure and Cultural Development
	City Centre Quarters
<u>CS18</u>	Shopping in the City Centre
<u>CS19</u>	Cultural Facilities in the City Centre
<u>CS20</u>	The Universities
Creatin	ng Attractive, Sustainable and Distinctive Neighbourhoods Scale of Requirement for New Housing
CS23	Locations for New Housing
CS24	Maximising the Use of Previously Developed Land for New Housing
CS25	Priorities for Releasing Land for New Housing
CS26	Efficient Use of Housing Land and Accessibility
CS27	Housing in the City Centre
<u>C321</u>	Tiousing in the Oity Centre
	ing for Opportunities, Well-Being and Quality of Life for All
<u>CS40</u>	Affordable Housing Creating Mixed Communities
CS41 CS43	Creating Mixed Communities Schools
CS44 CS44	Schools Health Centres
CS45 CS46	Quality and Accessibility of Open Space
CS46 CS47	Quantity of Open Space
CS47 CS48	Safeguarding of Open Space Open Space and Riversides in the City Centre

Enabling People and Good to Move Conveniently and by Sustainable Forms of Transport

CS51 Transport Priorities
CS52 Key Route Network
CS53 Management of Demand for Travel
CS54 Pedestrian Routes
CS55 Cycling Routes
CS56 Priority Routes for Bus and Bus Rapid Transit
CS57 Park-and-Ride and Car Parking in the City Centre
CS60 Transport in the City Centre

Global Environment and Natural Resources

CS61 Pedestrian Environment in the City Centre

Responses to Climate Change
Climate Change, Resources and Sustainable Design of Developments
Renewable Energy and Carbon Reduction
Air Quality
Flood Risk Management
Provision for Recycling and Composting

Prizing, Protecting and Enhancing Sheffield's Natural Environment and Distinctive Urban Heritage

CS73	The Strategic Green Network
CS74	Design Principles
CS76	Tall Buildings in the City Centre

Guideline 12 and Appendix 2 of this document have been superseded by paragraphs 5.42 and 5.51 and Guidelines GOS1 and GOS2 of the Community Infrastructure Levy and Planning Obligations Supplementary Planning Document (December 2015).

APPENDIX 2

FINANCIAL CALCULATIONS IN LIEU OF DIRECT OPEN SPACE PROVISION IN THE CITY CENTRE FROM HOUSING DEVELOPMENT

This Appendix will be updated in line with the Retail Price Index (Updated August 2014 with respect to RPIX as of April 2014)

Within the City Centre (as defined on plan 1) a financial contribution will be sought in the case of all new housing of five or more dwellings, or more than twenty-five bedspaces of shared accommodation.

The total amount will be calculated as follows:-

Houses and Flats

One-bedroom dwellings	£1155
One beardon awenings	21100
Two-bedroom dwellings	£1510
i wo boaroom awoningo	~1010
Three-bedroom or more	£1955
dwellings	

Shared Housing

Par hadenaca	£805
T OI DOGOPAGO	2000

This provides *guidance* for the calculation of commuted payments by developers for the provision or enhancement of open space. They provide a starting point for negotiations between the City Council and developers.

Please note:

- Open space financial contributions which amount to less than £2,000 will no longer be collected from developers.
- A 3% <u>administration charge</u> will be levied on open space financial contributions, up to a value of £4,000. This will apply in a similar way to the current legal charges.